# TJHSST Computer Systems Lab Senior Research Project Proposal First-Person PacMan 2007-2008

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October 26, 2007

#### Abstract

The purpose of this project is to create a 3D, first-person version of the classic PacMan arcade game in order to learn more about the concepts of 3D graphics programming and rendering algorithms. The project will also include a basic AI to control the ghosts.

: Keywords: 3D graphics, rendering algorithms, AI

### 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Scope of Study

The program, for the purposes of this project, will only consist of the core of the game; i.e., the program will only have the visual display (with control inputs) and a basic AI for controlling the ghosts. The functions such as save/load game, sound, customizing controls, high scores, etc. will be absent from the project unless time permits the inclusion of these features; the 3D graphics is the main focus of the project and thus has top priority.

### 1.2 Type of Research

This project is pure applied research.

### **1.3** Expected Results

As this project is pure applied research, no research results are expected. The final project, however, will yield a fully-playable 3D version of the PacMan game visualized from the first person perspective.

### 2 Background

The field of 3D computer graphics has been explored quite extensively, and comprises of three major parts: 3D modeling, animation, and 3D rendering. The first part, 3D modeling, refers to creating a 3D representation of an object. Animation, the second part, is moving the object through time. The final part, 3D rendering, is drawing the animated 3D model to the screen. 3D rendering is the most complex of the three parts, and is done using one of two algorithms: polygon modeling and ray tracing. Polygon modeling is simply breaking the 3D model down into triangles and displaying the triangles projected onto the 2D screen. Ray tracing computes a ray from the camera through each pixel of the logical screen and traces it to any objects it encounters, calculating the resulting reflected ray (if any) and tracing that, repeating as many times as specified. Ray tracing is a recursive algorithm, and is significantly more computationally expensive than polygon modeling (some high-resolution complex images may take days to render), but gives a more realistic view.

## **3** Procedures and Methodology

The program will be coded with Java and Java3D using the jGRASP compiler. The main focus of the project will be the 3D graphics portion, which should be completed by the end of second quarter. Afterwards, coding the AI for the ghosts will commence, and once the AI is complete, most of the remaining programming time will be devoted to optimization/debugging, with the addition of the extra features of a game mentioned above if time permits. Visuals of the project will consist primarily of in-game screenshots.

The best test of the program is playing the game. Bugs that manifest themselves in the visible part of the program (such as ghosts moving through walls, walls in the wrong place, etc.) will become apparent by playing the game. Playing the game also provides a general idea for the runtime speed as well, as the game will be noticeably laggy if the code isn't efficient enough. Another method for testing the efficiency of the code is the "time" function of the Linux Bash terminal. This function accepts a command as an argument (in this case, a call to the Java Virtual Machine to run the program) and reports the total, user, CPU, and system times spent on the program. The CPU time represents the processing time of the program, a key indicator of efficiency (high numbers here are not good); the user time represents how long the program was waiting for user input; the system time represents how long the computer spent waiting for the program to run (a number that should only be significant when many other programs are running on the same system); and the total time is the sum of the user, system, and CPU times.

#### 3.1 System Requirements:

Operating System: Windows, Linux, or Solaris CPU: TBA RAM: TBA Graphics Card: OpenGL 2.0 compatible graphics renderer HDD Space: TBA