

**A Traffic Simulation Model Allowing For Wide-ranged Vehicle  
Communication**

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## Abstract:

Traffic is an ever-growing problem as population around the world increases exponentially and with it, the number of drivers. Previously, fluid flow models have been used in an attempt to model traffic, but as has been recently discovered, only agent based models can accurately model a traffic scenario as small perturbations can have a butterfly effect and change the entire system.

Key Words: traffic, agent based modeling, computer simulation, efficiency, communication

## Introduction:

I want to create an algorithm that responds to traffic backups by sending information across the system and altering traffic laws to help such situations. I will develop a method of calculation bad traffic jams and to what extent the speed limit on the roads leading up the jam need to be changed. For this to function well, I need to have an accurate model of driver behavior and an ability for my program to collect data and analyze the situation well. The model will be of varying road systems and the vehicles on the road will have their own properties such as location, speed, acceleration, speed limit, and aggressiveness, some of which will be user defined. While the simulation is made in an attempt to copy human behavior, like all other traffic models in use, it will be collision-free.

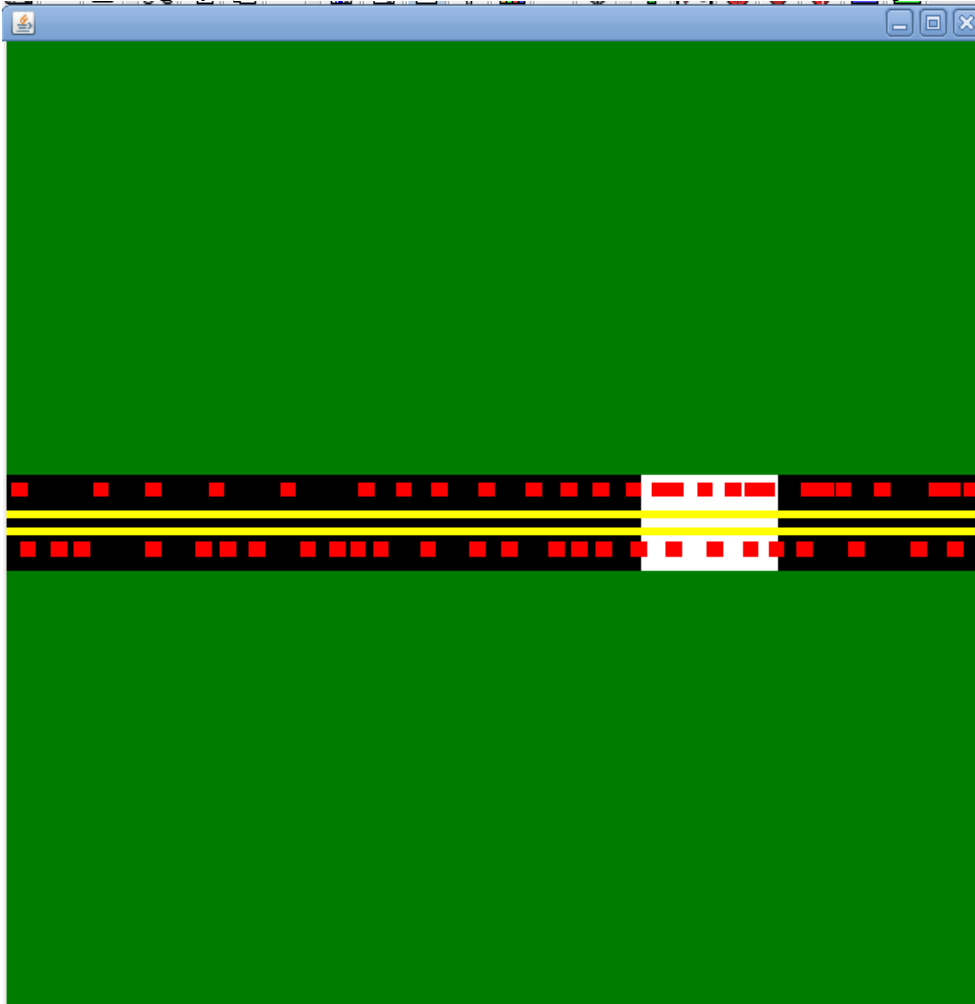
## Background:

Traffic jams are caused when drivers don't have access to information about road systems ahead of them. If the vehicles have information, or more so, if the actual road system itself has information, it can respond and react according to that information and change certain limitations on the vehicles to alleviate traffic. Currently there is research into optimization of traffic and variable speed limit areas for places with high frequency traffic jams. Using a model, the extent that variable speed limits and other changing traffic laws can be measured to see if implementing that technology is a viable solution to traffic jams. This would lead to a model being much cheaper to find out the outcome. My simulation that will model different traffic scenarios will depict traffic jams and use information freedom to respond according. This will be viewed using an overhead view of the system. I hope to show some results graphically on the change in flow versus density.

## Developments Sections:

The World class that my environment is stored in holds an ArrayList of all the Vehicles so that it can access their information and location. Using these values it will be able to detect traffic jams and react to them by altering conditions. I have set up a basic simulation to do this, at the moment it is a two-lane system with traffic flowing in two directions moving at realistic velocity and acceleration and responding to a speed limit and vehicles around them. There is a variable in the program for traffic density that can easily be altered to change the number of cars. This program will be successful if it one, accurately depicts traffic flow by means of a traffic density

versus flow graph, and two, if it can use information from the entire system to alter traffic laws.



### Reaction Algorithm

This is a main component of my program as it determines the braking speed of the vehicles in relation to the vehicle in front of them. At first I used a linear model but found it be rather inaccurate, or rather, that with my micro model, I could use more complicated functions because of small set sizes and the ability to visually observe the results. Currently it is a combination of two parabolic functions that vary the speed of the car behind as a function of its current speed and the speed of the car in front of it. This will prevent the car behind from ever running up on the car ahead of it or overrunning it.

This algorithm will need to be extended to include tailgating and aggressiveness. I will probably use previous research to base these algorithms off of since they will be more accurate than anything that I can come up with off of my visual perceptions of traffic.

### Graphs

Beyond the 2d system that I draw on display, I hope to also have graphical representations of my

data. I want to have one graph of vehicle density versus vehicle flow. This graph will allow me to see if my model accurately describes traffic flow as is modernly accepted. The second graph will graph how the flow speed changes when the system shares information among its components and can react according to that.

Another graph that I might add as a supplement is one that measures car density versus efficiency. This will test the limits of my program and how much I can expand it to accept more vehicles.

## Turning

One major problem I know I will face is how I am going to deal with turning vehicles. My program already handles drawing and moving a car all based upon a single angle, however this is not enough. Not only will the cars need to know how the road is laid out, they will need a more variable detection method to sense cars on the curve ahead of them. This is something that I am not sure how to overcome and will be a main focus of my work.

## Results and Discussion

At the moment my program works in a two-lane traffic simulation. The only test of its validity that I have used is a visual comparison to known behavior. The behavior that it depicts is a traffic jam moving backwards in traffic. With the speed trap I built in, I was able to discover that it is better to have a speed trap earlier on rather than later, as traffic will build up on the road with the speed trap later on, making a slower lane. Hopefully, when my project is fully implemented I will yield results on how information sharing and system reaction will affect traffic flow, though I am not sure if it will be marginable enough to be reasoning behind buying many sensing systems for actual road systems.

I advise that my model be further developed and used as starting point. Current traffic simulation models are built upon micro models, a large compilation of them. If my code can be optimized and a computer network utilized, my program can be slightly altered to set up a large set of systems adjacent to one another to depict more than just a small road system, perhaps even a whole system.

## Bibliography

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