TJHSST Hallway Simulation

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ABSTRACT

The project centers primarily around the creation of a traffic simulation–

a simulation tailored specifically to the study of movement around

Thomas Jefferson High School for Science and Technology. The project

taps into several areas of research, yet the ideas and research can be

described as concentrated in the following areas:

- Traffic Modeling: This project models traffic.
- Computer Simulation: This project is a simulation.

• Multi-agent Systems: This project studies a system with multiple agents.

• Group Dynamics. This project studies a dynamic group.

INTRODUCTION

Increase understanding of TJHSST hallways

•TJHSST—both building and demographics--have changed since past research

DESCRIPTION OF HOW IT WORKS (PATHFINDING METHODS)

-Returns as soon as it finds a workable path

-Randomizes which paths it

-Selects first to eliminate bias -Requires that students find a path before break

(10 minutes) is over and they are late for class.

Lab). Lab). TJHSST Floor Plan 2007 1^{12} 1^{1

RESULTS:

TOP 5 MOST CROWDED:

2 (The 2nd floor intersection of hallways near the backside of the school. This is the location of a 4-way intersection (hallways in three direction and stairs leading to the 1st floor).

14 (The 1st floor intersection near the front of the school.)

22 (The Junior Lounge, which intersects 3 hallways, an exit, and a pathway leading to trailers).

23 (The 1st floor hallway in which many

physics classes are taken)

16 (The hallway leading to the Millennium Courtyard).

TOP 5 LEAST CROWDED:

 29 (The hallway leading to one of the entrances to the boys locker room and the back door entrance to the main gym).
25 (The pathway to the section of trailers located between Dr. Acios room and the Junior lounge).

3. 17 (The hallway leading to and fro the cafeteria).

4. 13 (The hallway leading to the band and chorus rooms).

5. 19 (The h Lab).

ANALYSIS

All students got to their desired destination on time The traffic results were realistic when compared to personal experiences Bathrooms and Exits Class Sizes Students only required to find a path, not the most likely path

CONCLUSION (WHAT NEEDS TO BE DONE TO IMPROVE THE SIMULATION)

Collect real-life data for comparison Fix the student scheduling algorithm to remove bathrooms and exits as classrooms.

Give each room a class-size attribute to improve the accuracy of the results. Adjust the path finding algorithm to make students take more accurate paths and take past crowding experiences into account.

> TJHSST Floor Plan 2007







Time Since 10:05 (minutes)