

A Domain-Specific Language for Interactive Fiction

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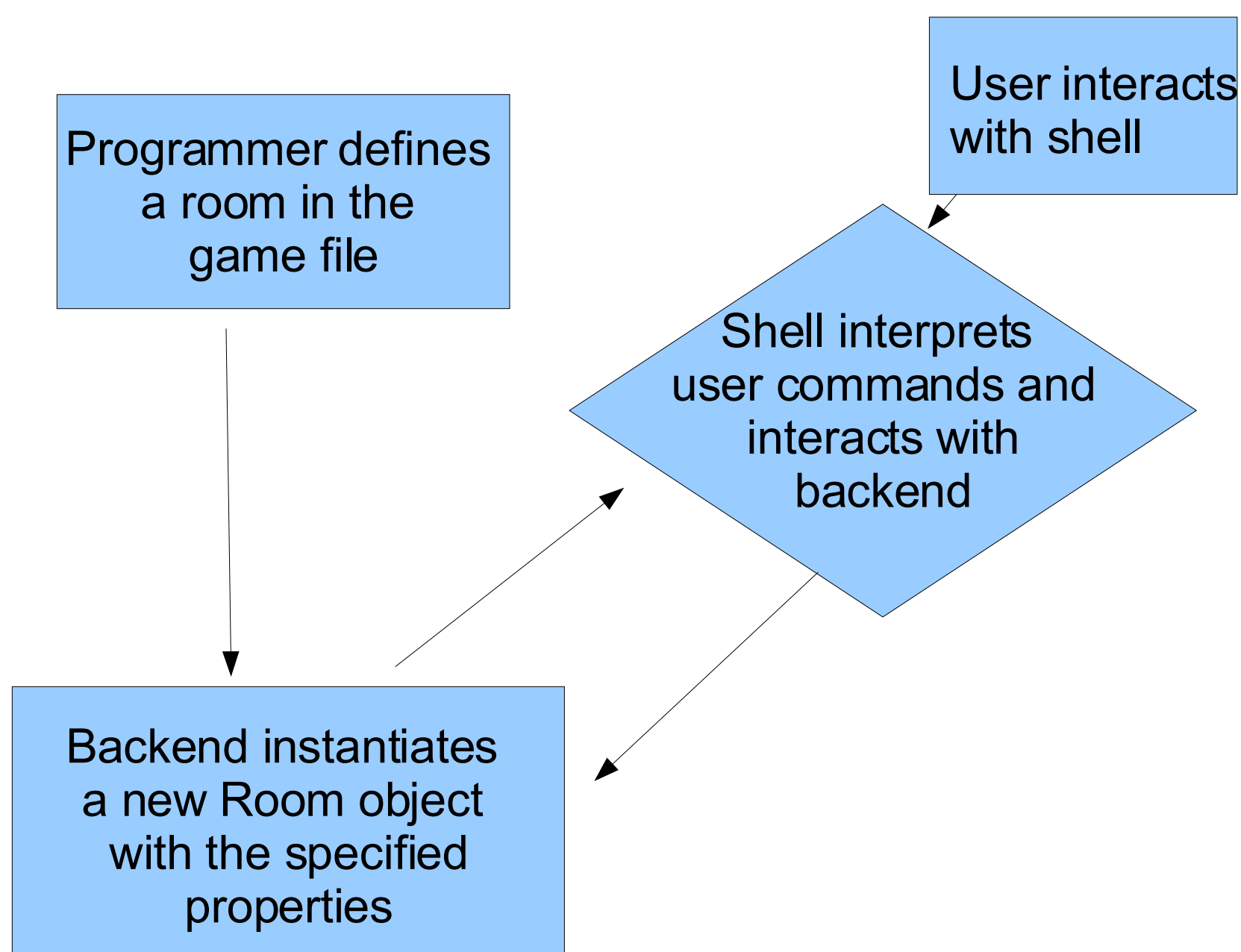
Abstract

A domain-specific language (DSL) is a programming language designed to be used for a specific and limited set of tasks. Using metaprogramming techniques, I designed IFAlpha, a DSL hosted within Ruby for creating interactive fiction games. My goal was to create an intuitive and expressive language for creating IF games while hiding the details of implementation from the programmer.

```
#example 1
room :living do
  name "Living room"
  desc "This is not tom's favorite room"
  exit :north, :fantasy
end
```

Design Goals

- Ease of use
- Clarity of syntax
- Appropriate expressiveness
- Hiding the implementation



Methods

Metaprogramming is simply the technique of writing code that writes code. The Ruby programming language contains extensive built-in facilities for metaprogramming that facilitated my design goals. `Instance_eval` is a method which every Ruby Object has which takes a code block, then evaluates that code block as if the methods in it were instance methods of that object. This allows the syntax wherein details of a room are declared without the programmer knowing anything about the Room class. The `method_missing` method, which is called on an object when no instance method exists, allows the programmer to define arbitrary properties to be dealt with later for the rooms they create.

Ease of Use

The principle design goal of the language is ease of use. Users learned how to use the language first by modifying the example game provided, then creating their own games. IFAlpha was reported by users to be fun and easy to use. Though implementing the full range of features one might expect from an interactive fiction game engine proved to be infeasible, the features that were implemented were determined to be natural to use and easy to understand. The project was a success.